

St Andrew's Church of England Primary School

KSI Knowledge Organiser – Term 6: Science: Plants



Glossary of key words:

Vocabulary	Definition
classification key	Arranging plants and animals into groups according to their similarities.
deciduous	Trees that shed their leaves in winter; their leaves are usually wide and flat.
evergreen	Trees that keep their leaves all year around; they often have leaves shaped like needles.
disperse	How seeds move away from their parent plant to a new place.
reproduce	To make more animals and plants.
fruit	The sweet and fleshy product of a plant that contains a seed. They are often eaten.

End of unit outcomes:

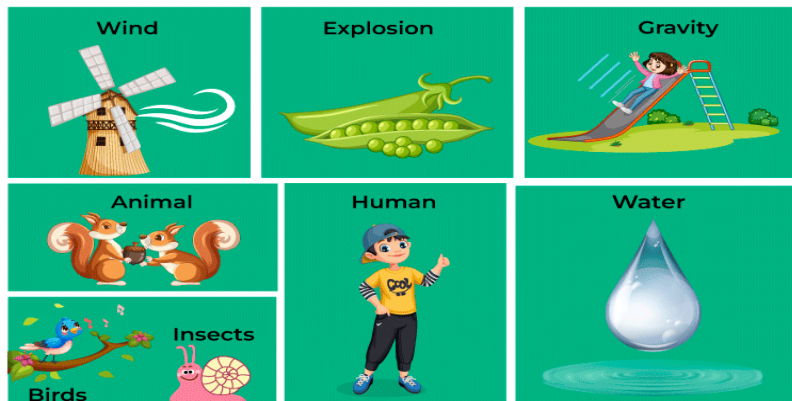
Unit specific outcomes:

- To identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen trees.
- To find out and describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature.

Working scientifically outcomes:

- Name/identify common examples and features of living things.
- Look/observe closely to communicate changes over time.
- Record simple visual representations of observations made.
- Measure using simple standard measures (e.g. cm) with increasing accuracy.

This unit's key ideas:



← Different types of seed dispersal

Deciduous trees



OAK



MAPLE



BIRCH



WILLOW

Evergreen trees



CYPRESS



PINE



CEDAR



JUNIPER